

## Key facts

In this unit the children will be able to: -

### Make sense of belief

- Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible
- Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people)

### Understand the impact

- Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter

### Make connections

- Think, talk and ask questions about whether the story of Easter only has something to say to Christians, or if it has anything to say to pupils about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas and giving a good reason for their ideas.

## Resources

Worcestershire RE syllabus Key Question 1.5  
Copies of the Bible  
Create an outdoor trail for Holy Week re-enactment  
Emotions board  
Clay to make Easter Eggs and then decorate with Easter Sunday images  
Online images

## Spring Term 2 Year 1 RE Overview

What does Easter mean to Christians?

## Brief summary/ overview

As an introduction, the children will be encouraged to look for signs of new life that come in the spring.

They will be introduced to the story of Holy Week and will understand that this story takes place about 33 years after the events of the Nativity, even though Christmas was a recently celebrated event.

The children will be encouraged to consider the emotions of Jesus' followers and how these ranged between great sadness, puzzlement, and joy. They will connect the idea of eggs, new life, and the belief in Jesus' resurrection.

The children will find out about how Churches celebrate the different parts of Holy Week e.g. Palm Sunday crosses, Good Friday and Easter Sunday and the related practices.

The children will be asked why people find it helpful to believe that there is life in heaven after death and to make a link with the idea that, for Christians, Jesus brings good news.

## Prior Knowledge

In Autumn term 2, the children were asked the question, 'What does Christmas mean to Christians.' They were given the opportunity to explore the meanings of new words and to understand why Christians celebrate Christmas.

## Key Vocabulary

Easter  
Incarnation  
Salvation  
Resurrection  
Holy Week  
Palm Sunday  
Good Friday  
Crucifixion  
Disciples  
Mary Magdalene

## Cross curricular links/visits

English – writing sentences to record work and labelling different items to demonstrate understanding.

Visit to Church for Easter Service