

## Year 1 Summer Term 2 Geography Overview

### Key facts

The physical features of different geographical areas are those created naturally – cliffs, beaches, valley, river etc.

The human features are those created by people – towns, cities, churches, shops, sports halls etc.

Location – a particular place

Rural area – a geographic area that is located outside of towns and cities and typically have a low population. Forests and mountain areas are rural.

Urban area – is the geographic area surrounding a city. Urban areas are very developed meaning they have lots of buildings such as houses, shops, office buildings, roads, bridges and railways. An urban area can refer to a town, city and suburbs.

Identify human and physical features

### Brief summary/ overview

To understand the difference between physical and human features of different places and make comparisons.

Explore key physical features including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.

To recall own seaside holiday experiences – what did they see, where did they go? How did their holiday experience compare to their home town of Bromsgrove – explore differences and similarities and explain preferences.

### Prior Knowledge

Children have previously used maps, globes and atlases to explore the world and initially explored human and physical features of different places in the autumn term and spring terms.

### Key Vocabulary

Physical features, human features. Location, beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather, seaside, town, shops, church, sports hall, cinema, urban, rural, comparison

### Resources

Maps, atlases and globes.

Aerial views/landscapes

On line images/resources

### Cross curricular links/visits

This will link with the children's history topic exploring seaside holidays in the past.